The Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control Directive IPPC Directive

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Content of the presentation

- Current legal EU framework
- Implementation issues
- Implications for Turkey on accession







What is an EU Directive ?

- Lays down the <u>aims, scope and key requirements</u> that the Member States must introduce in their national legislation
- Does <u>not</u> prescribe all details many detailed issues must be determined by the Member States themselves
- Allows Member States to impose even stricter requirements





EU Industrial Emissions Legislation

Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control Directive (IPPC)

Large Combustion Plants Directive

Waste Incineration Directive



VOC Solvents Directive

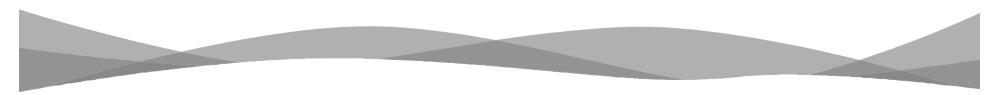
European Pollutant Emission Register (EPER) European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (E-PRTR)





Some other related legislation

- Greenhouse Gas Emissions Trading
- Environmental Quality Standards (air, water)
- National Emission Ceilings (air)
- Waste management
- Prevention of accidents (Seveso)







About 52.000 IPPC installations EU 27

Energy industries... Metal Industries... Mineral industries... Chemical industries... Waste management... Other activities *...

Significant proportion of EU emissions:

- 55% CO2
- 88% SO2

- 36% NOx

- 50% dust

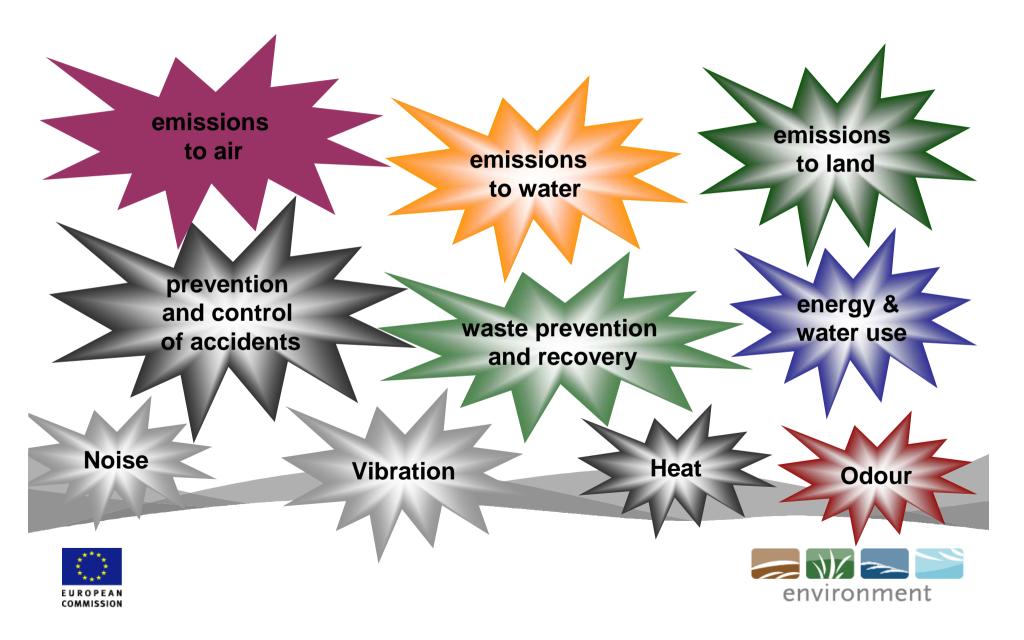


- 55% VOC

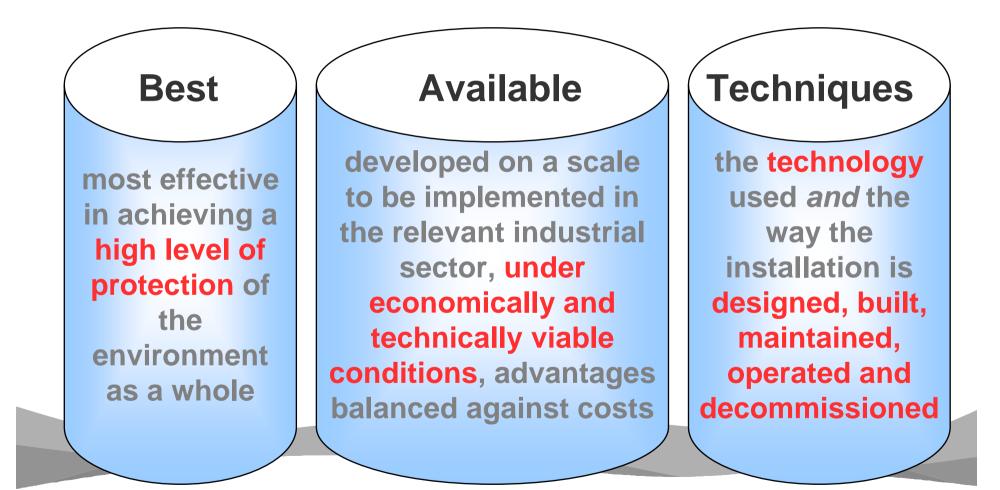




IPPC is about Integrated Permits



IPPC is about <u>Prevention of Pollution</u> and implementation of <u>Best Available Techniques</u>







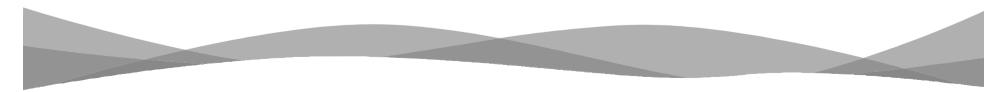
32 BAT Reference Documents (BREFs) adopted by the **Commission based on an information exchange European Member State Commission** – experts **IPPC Bureau** G MAN 9 NGO Industry experts experts





Role of competent authorities (national, regional or local)

- Receive permit applications
- Ensure integrated approach and consult between authorities
- Consult the public
- Refuse permit or set permit conditions
- Monitor compliance (self-monitoring by operators and inspections by authorities)
- Take enforcement actions if necessary
- Review, update permit conditions







From BREFs to permit conditions

- Permit conditions must be based on BAT
- Certain local conditions can be taken into account
 - → technical characteristics of installations
 - → geographical location
 - → local environmental conditions
- BREFs are not binding but are main reference points
- EU minimum requirements for certain sectors
 - → large combustion plants
 - → waste (co-)incineration
 - VOC emissions from use of solvents





Implications for Turkey on accession

Turkey has developed a plan for

- setting up necessary administrative capacities central and local level
- → required financial resources for implementing the EU's environmental legislation. The cost of full compliance with EU for industry c. 16 billion € (COWI 2005)







Key dates for implementation of the IPPC Directive (1) by Turkey

Determination of competent authorities	31.12.2012		
Establishment of integrated permit system	31.12.2015		
Ensuring coordination in case of existence of several competent authorities in the permit system	31.12.2015		
Imposing the condition of Emission Limit Values based on the Best Available Techniques	31.12.2015		
Establishing the procedures for public participation	31.12.2018		





Key dates for implementation of the IPPC Directive (2)

Establishment of an efficient inspection and sanctions mechanism	31.12.2018
Establishment of reporting and database system in order to provide information for people and the European Commission	Upon membership
Establishment of a system for reviewing and updating of permits	31.12.2015
Full implementation	31.12.2018





Directive specific staffing requirements by institutions

		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
natio nal	IPPC	3	4	4	30	83	107	131	155	179
	LCP	4	7	7	8	10	11	13	15	15
	VOC	4	4	4	6	6	10	12	14	20
	WID	2	2	3	6	6	6	12	12	12
provi ncial	IPPC					332	355	377	400	423
	LCP				40	50	50	60	90	120
	VOC						60	80	120	160
	WID			45	55	65	65	65	65	65
										994





POSSIBLE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

- Government incentives Credit Guarantee Fund
- IPA Instrument for Pre-Accession
 - → Technical capacity building for the competent authorities
 - → Small investment, supply of equipment
 - → Under Regional Competitiveness some loans for SMEs
 - → Multi-country loan programme for SMEs (EC, EIB, EBRD)
- IFIs; EIB, World Bank, KfW, EBRD, ADF
- 7th Framework Programme (to support innovation in the field of industrial pollution)





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

For more information...

DG ENV industrial emissions website <u>http://ec.europa.eu/environment/air/pollutants/index.htm</u>

European IPPC Bureau (BREFs) <u>http://eippcb.jrc.es/pages/FActivities.htm</u>





