E-PRTR Guidance to the largest EU register on environmental data

European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Regulation (EC) Nº 166/2006

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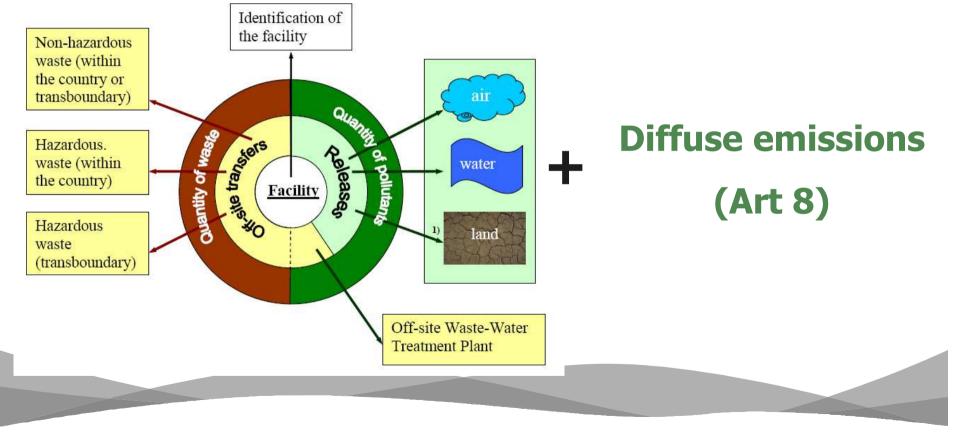






E-PRTR Regulation: what is it?

E-PRTR offers a new concept of integrated register, at Community level in the form of a publicly accessible electronic database

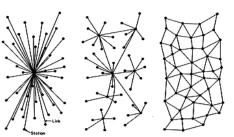






E-PRTR Regulation: what is it?

E-PRTR is under the SEIS principles



(Shared environmental information system – COM(2008) 46 final)

- Information must be managed as close to the source as possible
- Information must be gathered once and be shared
- Information must be accessible for public authorities
 - To inform
 - To assess the environment + efficiency of policies
 - To envisage new strategies
- Comparisons in the appropriate level + promote participation
- Fully available for general public

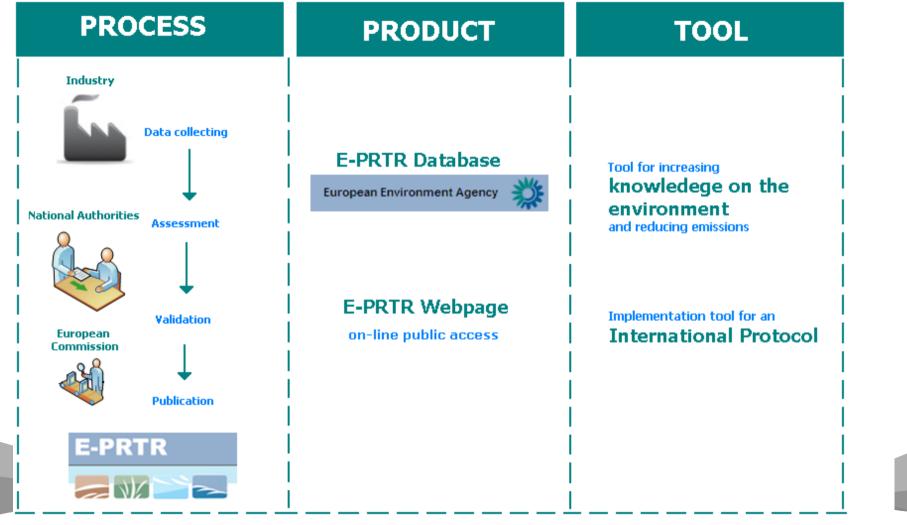
 Common and standardized software tools (international standards UN/CEFACT), free and open source





E-PRTR Regulation: what is it?

So E-PRTR is a...







Historical perspective: From EPER to PRTR

EPER Register

- Based on IPPC Directive
- 12.000 facilities involved
- Triennial data (2001 and 2004)
- **50** substances and 32 sectors
- Thresholds cover 90% of emission releases from industrial facilities
- 350.000 visits to the website 2006

E-PRTR Register

- General register (not only for IPPC)
- First reporting year: 2007
- Annual data from 2009
- 91 substances and 65 sectors (56 under IPPC scope)
- Other data on:
 - → Waste and wastewater transfers
 - → Accidental releases
 - Releases to land
 - ➔ Diffuse emissions







E-PRTR Regulation: activities and substances

Activities

- 9 groups, similar to IPPC Annex 1
 - → Energy sector
 - → Production/process of metals
 - Mineral industry
 - Chemical industry
 - → Waste and Wastewater management
 - Paper and wood
 - → Intensive livestock and aquaculture
 - → Food and beverages
 - → Other (textile, surfaces...)

Substances/pollutants

- 91 substances
 - Heavy metals
 - Pesticides
 - → Nitrogen and sulfur compounds
 - → Organic compounds
 - Chlorinated, fluorinated and bromated compounds
 - → Other

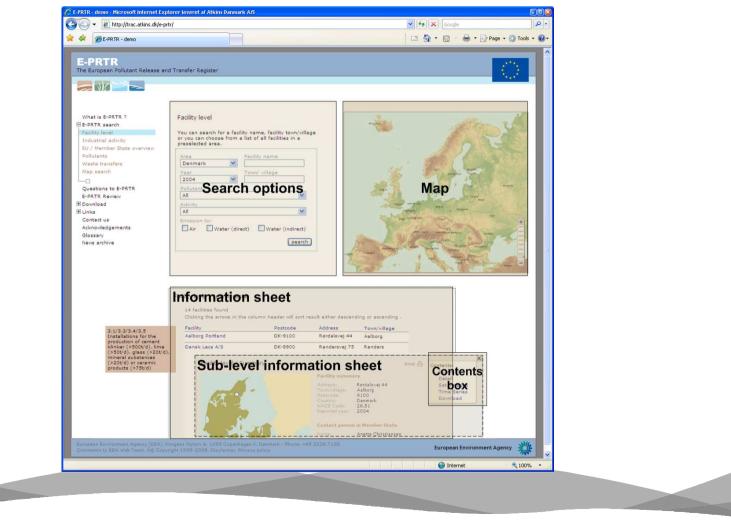
Reporting obligations if above the activity (permitted capacity) and pollutant thresholds (actual annual emissions)





E-PRTR: data access – Web functionalities (2009)

E-PRTR website – "Wikipedia" approach







New important elements

- Information is presented separately for "releases" and "transfers (outside the industrial plant)"
- Method used for measure, calculation and estimation of emission releases and transfers is provided
- Data is upload on GIS layers map tool

http://prtr-demo.eea.europa.eu/login.aspx?ReturnUrl=%2fhome.aspx







E-PRTR REVIEW

The European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register





- Map search
- About E-PRTR

Home

🖃 Search E-PRTR data

Facility Level

Industrial Activity

Pollutant Releases

Pollutant Transfers

Waste Transfers

Map Search

Releases Diffuse Sources
Questions to E-PRTR (FAQ)

🗄 Download

🗄 Links

🗄 Library

Events / Meetings People/E-PRTR community News Archive Feedback The map search option provides an entirely geographical approach to E-PRTR data.



COMMISSION

E-PRTR: Technical aspects

E-PRTR a cost-effective system

• Data flow

• harmonization of data transfer and data storage (INSPIRE compliance (INSPIRE Directive 2007/03/14 and Metadata Regulation 2008/12/04)

Quality control on data

harmonization, consistency and coherency

• Database for policy making

- set priorities
- assess implementation
- Information access system
 - participation and awareness





Reporting format – Annex III

- Voluntary Data optional Mandatory Data confidentiality
- Production volume
- Nº of installations
- ➢ N⁰ of operating hours/year
- N⁰ of employees
- Website or Information box

- Facility specific data (ID and geographical coordinates)
 - Releases to air / water / land for the facility for each pollutant exceeding the threshold value
- Off-site transfers of waste and of pollutants in waste-water
- Accidental releases







Conclusions

- Industrial operators provide data and are responsible for their quality > data format is defined by the Competent Authorities in line with SEIS and INSPIRE
- Member States (and RS) are responsible for the assessment of data quality
- The Commission is responsible for making data publicly available annually
- The register provides the best available information
- Methodologies must used international available standards
- E-PRTR make visible achievements in pollution prevention and reduction







For more information

- Guidance on E-PRTR implementation
- DG Environment Industrial emissions Unit <u>http://www.ec.europa.eu/environment/ippc/index.</u> <u>htm</u>

E-PRTR Web

http://prtr.ec.europa.eu/









Thank you

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